

# THE GLEICHEN CALL

Eleventh Year, No. 11

GLEICHEN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, MAY 31, 1917

\$1.50 Per Year

## J. P. McARTHUR MEETING WELL ATTENDED

The CALL's report of the Liberal meeting last night—Wednesday—is necessarily condensed, and believing that at this juncture the electors are most interested in the statements of the candidate we forego the pleasure of the usual remarks and first quote Mr. McArthur as nearly as our long-hand reporter could follow the gentleman, in the order that we may connect with the mail for the Queens-town district.

Upon rising Mr. McArthur said: It is a pleasure to me to be here tonight and to see such a representative gathering of male and female voters of the province of Alberta gathered together to hear the views of our Premier on matters of legislation that have been brought down by the legislators of this Province and that are now on the Statute books of the province. Many of the acts passed by this Legislature have the object in view of assisting the farmer in the matter of transportation, in the matter of bridge building and also the construction of telephone lines, in order that the farmers of this country would be enabled to transport their products with as small an expense as possible in order that they might receive the greatest financial results from the efforts of their labors.

With this object in view the government of the Province has guaranteed the bonds of railroads into the districts that were formerly operated from market facilities, with the result that today the C. N. R., the G. T. P., and the Edmonton, Duvergues and Peace River railways are extending lines into the settled portions of the Province, thereby enabling the farmers of these districts to more easily market their products. Not only has this been the effect, but it also has had the effect of giving a stimulus to the greater production of farm products in districts thus served by the railroads, which would not have been built had not the Provincial Government come to their assistance with the guarantee for their construction. But I may say that while the Province has guaranteed the construction of several thousand miles of railway, the government has taken the precaution, to secure the Province against any loss in regard to those railways by a first mortgage on the roads thus guaranteed.

It was not for the purpose of assisting the railroad companies that the credit of the Province was pledged, but it was for the purpose of securing for the farmers of this country the best of the means of transportation. We have been accused as a government of guaranteeing the bonds of those railways to a greater extent than the actual cost of construction, but I hold in my hand a report given by the Commission selected by the Conservative government of Ontario for the purpose of discovering at first hand the actual cost of construction of those roads.

The Commission consisted of Sir Henry Deyton, chairman of the Board of Railway Commissioners for Canada, a Conservative government appointee; A. H. Smith, president of the New York Central and Erie, and W. A. A. Smith, president of the Canadian National Railway. Their report is contained in Sessional paper No. 20 of 1917, and it is interesting to note that it is a detailed investigation by the Commissioners' own engineers, the cost

of reproduction of the various branches of the C. N. R. in Alberta, bonds of which have been guaranteed by this Province. The amount of the guarantee is set down in our column and the amount of cost of actual construction is placed in opposite column, and in every instance the actual cost as found by the Commission has exceeded the guarantee anywhere from \$5,000 to \$15,000 per mile, thus proving by a commission appointed by the Ontario government that statements made by the House and the Senate in the House and the Senate throughout the Province by a number of the Opposition who pose as a railway expert are absolutely unfounded, and proves to the people of this Province that this self-styled railway expert may know something of the cost of building in other lines, but is an expert failure when it comes to arriving at the cost of the railway in this Province.



J. P. McARTHUR, THE LIBERAL CANDIDATE

While this government has assisted farmers in respect to railroad construction, they have also brought down much legislation that has been of great importance and assistance to the farmers, namely the Co-operative Elevator Bill, whereby the Farmers Co-operatives Co. have today over 100 elevators and will have by the end of the year in operation 150 more. The farmers' elevators owned by the Farmers Co-operatives Co. were guaranteed to the amount of \$1,000,000. As an Act known as the Political Municipal Hall Insurance Board appeared before the government asking for assistance to meet their deficit, which occurred through excessive hail losses during the last two years, with the result that this government guaranteed the amount of \$200,000 to the extent of \$200,000, in order that the farmers would receive the full amount of their loss.

The government of this Province has also brought down at this session an Act known as the Political Loans Act, which will be of inestimable value to the farmers of the Province. (Continued on Page 5)

## Commissioners Allow Electric Light Deal

FOUND - A roll of bills in Gleichen on Saturday. Apply to T. A. Thompson, Nanaimo. 11

On Friday, June 8th, the ratepayers of Gleichen are called upon to vote on the town by-law to purchase the electric light plant owned by F. C. Vigar. This matter has been discussed at length in these columns and it is quite unnecessary to go over it all again. Nevertheless it is an important matter and worthy the sincere consideration of all interested in our town.

The vote was to have been taken a couple of months ago, but owing to a letter going astray it was not known until a couple of days before the vote was to be taken that the Board of Public Utility Commissioners refused to allow the purchase on the ground that they thought \$8,000 too much for the plant.

Since then Mr. Vigar has been to England in July to enlist with the army.

The commissioners have granted permission, and we quote from the official document received by the town:

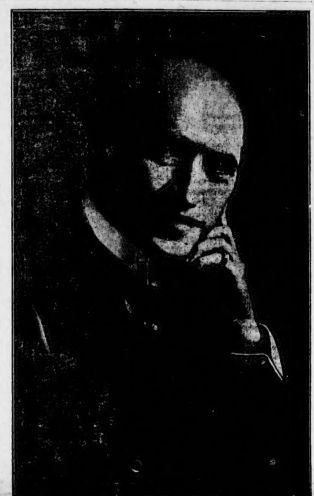
"Application having been made to the Board of Public Utility Commissioners by the Town of Gleichen for permission to raise by way of debentures, the sum of \$5,000, to be used to cover the purchase price of the electric light plant above mentioned, and \$1,000 for the purpose of reconstruction of said plant.

Upon reading the material filed it is ordered that permission be and he same is hereby granted to the said Town of Gleichen, under the authority vested in the said Board of Public Utility Commissioners to raise by way of debentures, in accordance with the terms of by-law of said town, No. 71, the sum of \$5,000 for the purposes above mentioned.

"The said loan shall bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum and the said debentures shall be repayable, as to the principal and interest, in ten annual instalments during a period of 10 years, such annual payments being in such respective amounts, with the aggregate amounts payable in the instalments of principal and interest in respect of the said loan, shall be as follows: \$1,000 in the first year, \$1,000 in the second year, \$1,000 in the third year, \$1,000 in the fourth year, \$1,000 in the fifth year, \$1,000 in the sixth year, \$1,000 in the seventh year, \$1,000 in the eighth year, \$1,000 in the ninth year, and \$1,000 in the tenth year.

## Work Commenced on Cluny Bridge

The Department of Public Works have sent a bridge crew to commence work in connection with the new bridge to be built across the Bow river south of Cluny. The material is now arriving and is being hauled rapidly from the Cluny station to the bridge site. The bridge to be constructed is now being constructed and when all the material arrives active construction will commence so far as high water will permit. The people south of the Bow will certainly appreciate the construction of this much-needed bridge, and the Department seems to have construction completed in time for the fall traffic.



HON. ARTHUR L. SIFTON, Premier of Alberta

## Locals of Interest From Majorville

from our own Correspondent

James Barber has sold his farm to S. G. Glover.

Ernest Gower has been on an extended visit to Calgary.

Miss Nettie Laughlin, of Calgary has been home the past week visiting her parents and friends.

Miss M. Cooper, of Vancouver, is spending her summer holidays here, the guests of her cousin, Miss and Mr. Long.

Miss Ferguson, teacher, who figured recently in an auto accident, is, we are pleased to notice, able again to be with her pupils. She is intensely interested in the welfare of her school and promises to make good in the teaching profession.

Messrs. Mavor and Purcell of Bassano, assisted by S. B. Hillocks, M. L. A., for north Calgary, addressed a meeting here on Wednesday evening 29th inst., in the interest of the conservative candidate, Mr. E. F. Purcell. Considerable interest was shown and quite a number were present.

The services in the school house here every Sabbath afternoon at 2.30, conducted by the Rev. Mr. Brooks of Bassano, continue very interesting and quite a number avail themselves of the opportunity to be present. To assist in the service a new organ is about to be purchased by the church committee. All much cordially invited to attend.

The loss of an only daughter shortly after their arrival here. The young lady was taken a general favorite of those who were acquainted with her. She contracted, either en route here or shortly after her arrival, what was supposed to be throat disease, diphtheria, which proved fatal. To the sorrowing relatives, and especially the bereaved mother we extend our sincerest sympathies.

A lovely flower of earth, not here to bloom, God called her to her heavenly home.

The Hon. C. R. Mitchell, provincial treasurer and Liberal Candidate for Bow Valley constituency who so ably represented this district in the Provincial Legislature for the last five years, will speak in the Liberty school here on Saturday evening June 2nd, at 8.30. Mr. Mitchell is well worth listening to and has surely proved himself worthy of the electors of this district in the matter of roads and bridges, several thousand dollars have been expended and many more are in prospect. The telephone system has also been extended to this district, but on account of war trenchment the rural phone has not been installed as yet, but may be in the near future. Come and hear Mr. Mitchell at Liberty school on Saturday evening, June 2nd.

## Patriotic Fund Donations

During the month of April the Constituency of Gleichen contributed the following amounts to the Canadian Patriotic Fund:

Dalmen	5.00
Quam	90.00
Namaka	312.00
Rockford	1.00
Shepard	100.00
	24.00
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$1,342.00</b>

If you want an Ostermoot mattress see G. W. Evans.

## MATTHEWS & KIDNEY, Ltd.

The Cash Store

## Stockings for the Kiddies

We have specialized this year in Childrens Hose and have a complete line in stock:

Black Mer. Lisle, Sizes 5 to 10	25c
White Mer. Lisle, Sizes 2 to 8	35c
Silk Finish, Black, Sizes 5 to 8	40c
Two and one Rib Cotton, Sizes 5 to 10	25c

## Ladies Underwear

We do not believe any town in Alberta has the range and value equal to what we are showing. We control the sale of the famous Perrier Underwear for Women and Children. Come in and see just what value we are giving.

Short Sleeve Vests	15, 25, 45, 65, 75c
Long Sleeve Vests	15, 35, 45, 65, 75c
Slender	25, 35, 50, 60, 80c
Short Sleeve Combinations	40, 55, 75, 95c, \$1.25
Slender Combinations	55c, 95c, \$1
Silk Combinations	\$1.65 and \$1.75
Outside Silk Combinations	36c, \$1.15, \$1.75

## Ladies Shoes

We are sure just a little late in receiving the shipment, but, say, they are chic. Several pair sold before we could get them marked. The high tops are the proper thing with, pointed toe and high heel. We have them both laced and buttoned in Grey, Russet, Brown and Black at

\$5.75, \$6.75, \$7 and \$9.50

## Groceries

We are now reaping the benefit of our early buying and giving our customers such values that make it a pleasure to do business. We do not need to make any mention of our success. If you have been in the store you have seen just whether it pays to deal where people buy for Cash.

## Fresh for Saturday

Strawberries Celery Bananas Apples  
Rhubarb Lettuce Onions and Cherries  
\$ Dosee Large Oranges \$1.00  
Our stock of Dried Fruit is nice and fresh. Prices Right.

Other people appreciate our service and you will too.

## Matthews & Kidney, Ltd.

You know as well as we, but you put off taking out a policy. Why? You'll be provoked at yourself the day after the fire that sweeps away your savings if they are not insured. What earthly excuse have you for not seeing us to-day? We await your answer.



## Henderson & Mallory REAL ESTATE

Fire, Life and Accident Insurance

## Conservative Meeting To-Night

Every Person Cordially Invited

At 8 o'clock to-night—Thursday—a meeting will be held in the Gleichen Opera House in the interests of Mr. Fred Davis, the Independent Conservative candidate, who will address the meeting assisted by Mr. S. Bacon Hills and Dr. W. G. Spaulding. Ladies cordially invited. A special invitation is extended to the members of the Gleichen Local of the United Farmers of Alberta to be present.



## THE AMARANTH CLUB

—BY—

J. S. FLETCHER

WARD, LOCK & CO., LIMITED  
London, Melbourne, and Toronto

(Continued.)

"I selected this shady tree," said Von Roon, when he had lighted his cigar, "because no room, however private, is precisely safe. The safest place in which to exchange secret or important confidential business information is the centre of an open space."

"Very well. And now? Is it a secret—or is it confidential business information?"

"Both. Shall we begin? Well, then. Your mother's place, Hartdale Park, is within a few miles of Ashminster."

"You know the town—the people?"

"I know the town. The people? Oh, I dare say Hartdale knows some of them, and I've no doubt they know him, because he's sure to owe money there."

"Do you know the man who is Member of Parliament for Ashminster—Mr. George Ellington?"

"No; but I know of him, of course. His people are manufacturers in the place. Wealthy."

"Yes? Tell me about them—and him. Their class, now?"

"I said—they are manufacturers. Young Ellington, I have heard, was trained for political life—sent to some public school, then to Cambridge, then to some German University. I think the family had ambitions for him. Of course, their influence and money got him his seat."

"Just so. Well, some of their ambition is being satisfied. You did not read your newspapers this morning."

"Not particularly."

"Ellington has been appointed Civil Lord of the Admiralty. I heard of it yesterday. It is, I understand, no very important post in your government; nevertheless, the news that he has received this appointment made me write to you."

Hilda Tressingham gave her companion one of her searching glances. Von Roon's eyes were fixed on the branches of the cedar above him.

"Explain," she said.

"Yes, I understand that it is the rule that when one of your parliamentary representatives is appointed to an office of profit under the Crown, he vacates his seat."

"Yes, that is so."

"And must offer himself for re-election. So—there will be an election—a bye-election—at Ashminster."

"Mr. George Ellington must be elected again."

"Well?"

"I understand that on two previous occasions he has only won the seat by a narrow majority. Consequently, his opponents will certainly fight him. He will not have a walk-over; there will be a contest."

"Well?"

"Von Roon withdrew his gaze from the cedars, and for a fleeting moment fixed it on his companion."

"I want you to take part in it."

"For what reason?"

"Obvious. I want you to cultivate the acquaintance of Mr. George Ellington. It will be easy. I am already aware that your brother is a member of the same political party."

"I don't believe Hartdale cares twopenny for either party."

"But he is nominally of Ellington's party. I assumed myself of that yesterday. That is fortunate."

"Fortunate. Because, as you are at present rusticated at Hartdale Park, and have nothing to do, and as there is an election in process at your country town, and as Lord Hartdale is a supporter of this government, why, nothing is so natural as that Lord Hartdale's sister should go and offer her assistance to the government candidate. It is—excellent—convenient."

"Is it? And what am I to do, my friend? I know nothing about assisting Parliamentary candidates."

"That is easy. For you it is child's play. Attend! You will present yourself at Ellington's committee-rooms. You will make yourself known to him; you will offer to help; you will propose to canvass the electors on his behalf. You will be very nice; you will ingratiate yourself with him."

"And—why?"

"Because I want you to cultivate the friendship of the Civil Lord of the Admiralty."

Hilda Tressingham made no answer to this, but presently she gave Von Roon another glance, at which he nodded his head.

"Precisely," he said. "You see my meaning, my intention. Now, tell me—is this young politician married?"

"I think so—yes. To a cousin—or something of that sort. I remember, now—I have seen them both—at a flower show."

"Was it?" said Von Roon with a slight laugh, "was it sufficiently enable you to form an estimate of them?"

"I should say he is vain, self-confident, a little inclined to be bumptious," she answered slowly. "The

woman—colorless. But, I believe, ambitious of social advancement."

"Capital! Capital! Hilda! the gods work for us! Now, some more of my counsels. Cultivate these people. Profess a tremendous interest in politics—in his, of course. Make yourself useful to him in this election. Get yourself asked to their house. Persuade Hartdale to ask them to his."

"To boiled mutton—possibly cold?" she said cynically.

"To bread and cheese, if you like; they'll come. Take the woman up—play round her. And ask him to come and see you in town as soon as the election is over. He'll come en masse."

"So—I am to return to town when the election is over?" she asked after a pause.

"At once. The next stage will come off there. Play your cards well during the election. Concentrate on that. Afterwards—well, we shall see."

There was a further silence after this; the man continued to smoke and to stare at the over-hanging branches; the woman, who had broken through to snap it into tiny fragments. After a time she gave her companion another glance.

"I think I understand the part," she said. "Leave it to me until—"

"Until I give further instructions," said Von Roon quickly. "What you have at present is sufficient to go on with. Now, we come to the question of money."

"Yes," she answered a little hurriedly. "There's this certain, Otto. I can't go back to town until I can settle up with Bernstein. It's absolutely impossible. You may as well know that."

Von Roon made no immediate reply. But presently throwing away his cigar, he drew some papers from his breast-pocket, and selecting one, unfolded and showed it to his companion.

"There!" he said. "That's Bernstein's promissory note—or, rather, yours to him. Look at it!"

She made a sudden motion as if to snatch the paper from his hand.

Von Roon withdrew it with a smile.

"My property, Hilda," he said. "So you've paid him, she muttered sullenly. "Well, then—"

"Well, then, there's no need for you to trouble further," he said, placing the paper in his pocket. "So you can return to your modest ménage in Mayfair when this election is over. And now, as regards ready money—always welcome and necessary. I have some for you in my pocket-book. But this is a little public. Let us stroll into the recesses of that charming wood yonder."

CHAPTER III  
The Agent's Room

Whatever feelings of gratification and glory were aroused in the bosom of Mr. George Ellington, his family, and his friends, by his appointment to be Civil Lord of the Admiralty, were far from being shared in by Mr. Septimus Crasshaw, agent to the Radical party in Ashminster.

Crasshaw, instead of receiving the glad tidings with joy, received them with deep disgust. He felt and expressed a personal grievance against the Radical Minister for being so callously inconsiderate as to force a bye-election upon him, Septimus, at that precise moment. And when the new Civil Lord came down, a little swollen with his new grandeur, to offer himself for re-election, the agent greeted him with complaints and dismal forebodings.

"You may as well make up your mind to a stiffish night, Mr. George," remarked Crasshaw, who, having known the young politician from childhood, invariably adopted an easy familiarity with him. "It's not going to be a walk-over, you know! We'd only a majority of sixty odd at the last election, and that's easily turned into a minority in a constituency like ours. Again, this is the fourth year the government's been in power, and all the keenness is worn off—it's always worn off by the fourth year. And the registers in a rotten state. If only it had been next year we'd have a better register. And our opponents have been working hard, and they've got a rattling good man in Colonel Emsworth. He'll take some beating this time."

"Don't croak, Crasshaw," said the new Civil Lord. "I've beaten Colonel Emsworth twice, and I'll beat him again. All that's necessary is to get our forces together and have a good pitch in. We'll win all right. Crasshaw, a little man of nervous eye and hand, looked over his desk at the young man to whom life had so far brought nothing but success. He admired George Ellington's easy assurance, his whole-hearted confidence in himself, and his lucky star; certainly he had seemed to be born to good luck, and had gone on experiencing good luck ever since. His father, John Ellington, the millionaire manufacturer, had destined young George for a political life from the moment of his birth; he had educated and trained him with that one notion; he had kept the Ashminster seat warm for him, and at the age of twenty-three George had taken possession of it and held it. Everybody who knew anything knew that the young man was sure of minor office before he was thirty; he had been sedulously trained to be one of those useful Parliamentarians who live on Hansard, and Blue Books, and White Papers, and statistics and figures; he had served as a Cabinet Minister as unpaid private secretary; he had earned his present appointment. And as he stood on Crasshaw's hearth—a tall, well-set-up, athletic young Englishman, handsome and gay with prosperity—the little agent recognized an aroma of success, and wagged his tumbled head at it.

"Well, you were never without plenty of assurance and confidence, Mr. George," he remarked, "and it's an uncommonly good thing to have, sir. But, as I was saying to your father last night, I wish we'd been a

bit more prepared. However, as you say, we must get all our forces together. And, by the way, whom do you think I had in her yesterday afternoon, asking if she might come and canvass for you? You wouldn't guess in a blue month?"

"Who, then?" demanded George Ellington.

Crasshaw glanced up at his candidate with a sly expression.

"Ah!" he said. "Well—Lord Hartdale's sister."

Ellington whistled. His eyebrows arched themselves.

"You mean Colonel Tressingham's wife?" he exclaimed.

"That's right. There's her card: The Honourable Mrs. Tressingham. She seemed quite keen about it, and she knows a lot about politics. We'd quite a long chat. Said she was sorry she hadn't the pleasure of knowing you, but she'd be delighted to come and work for you. And—I told her to come."

Ellington picked up the card to which the agent pointed. He was wondering why the Honourable Mrs. Tressingham wished to come and work for him. He had known her and her family by sight and by reputation all his life; this was the first time in his knowledge that she or her brother had ever taken any active interest in the affairs of Ashminster.

Previous to her marriage to Colonel Tressingham, a hard-bitten soldier, some fifteen years her senior, Hilda had only been known to the folk around Hartdale Park as a young lady who devoted her days to horses and dogs, and the simple delights to be got out of an impoverished estate. Since that marriage she had been a few years in India, where her husband, now retired from the army, still remained; and in connection with the management of some estate in which he was interested; since her return to England, Ellington had heard of her as a smart woman about town, moving in a set with which he had nothing to do. He knew that Lord Hartdale nominally belonged to his own party in politics, and occasionally presented himself to give a party vote in the House of Lords; but the family had never shown any concern in politics, and it puzzled him to think that Mrs. Tressingham should begin to do so at this particular juncture. And as he laid down her card he looked at Septimus Crasshaw with a whimsical enquiry.

"What does it mean?" he asked.

Crasshaw shrugged his shoulders.

"How do I know what a fine lady means?" he answered. "Wants a bit of excitement, a new sensation, I should think. I don't know, but I hear there are no children. I should say she's tired of rustivating at Hartdale. They say there's nobody there but his lordship and herself—never have any guests—nothing doing. I hear he's hard up, as usual—owes piles of money in this place anyhow. In fact, that made me a bit dubious, Mr. George."

"Doubtful? Why dubious?" asked Ellington.

"They're not too popular in Ashminster, you know," said Crasshaw. "At least, his lordship isn't. The tradesmen don't like him, because after getting pretty deep in their books he started ordering his things from town. All the same—"

He paused, and, biting the end of his pen, looked knowingly at the candidate.

"Well?" said Ellington. "All the same—what?"

"She's a very handsome woman, and a very fascinating woman, and she can talk sixteen to the dozen," continued Crasshaw. "And there's a certain class of voters that can be got round by a pretty woman with a smart tongue where nobody else can do it. She might be useful."

"Of course we'll use her," said Ellington. "We're not going to refuse help from anyone who offers it. We—"

Just then a youth opened the door of the agent's room and put his head inside.

"There's a lady to see you, Mr. Crasshaw," he said. "Mrs. Tressingham."

Crasshaw glanced at his principal, and catching a mere expression, turned to the youth.

"Show Mrs. Tressingham in at once," he said. He leaned across the side of his desk and slightly altered the position of an easy chair that stood by it. "Now you can talk to her yourself," he observed with a significant smile. "Or—listen to her."

George Ellington, a little shy, a little uncomfortable, remained standing on the hearthrug, his eyes fixed on the hearthrug, his eyes fixed on the hearthrug, his eyes fixed on the hearthrug.

He was expectant, in a queer, vague fashion, that this was an essentially new moment in his life—why, he could not possibly have explained to himself or anyone; all he knew was that the feeling was there. He fidgeted a little as he watched for the visitor's entrance.

Hilda Tressingham, gowned and hatted in a fashion with which Ashminster folk were not familiar, purposely looking her best, swept into the agent's room with a formal, brilliant smile, and waited for no formal introduction to the young politician. She had never spoken to George Ellington in her life, but she held out her hand to him as if they had been old friends, at the same time favoring Septimus Crasshaw with a familiar nod. The two men were immediately conscious of a taking and attractive personality; the shabby little room with its litter of papers, bills, addresses, and books became gradually transformed.

"How do you do, Mr. Ellington?" said Mrs. Tressingham, with a charming candour and frankness. "We can dispense with a formal in-

# CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY

10 CENTS PER PLUG

bit more prepared. However, as you say, we must get all our forces together. And, by the way, whom do you think I had in her yesterday afternoon, asking if she might come and canvass for you? You wouldn't guess in a blue month?"

"Who, then?" demanded George Ellington.

Crasshaw glanced up at his candidate with a sly expression.

"Ah!" he said. "Well—Lord Hartdale's sister."

Ellington whistled. His eyebrows arched themselves.

"You mean Colonel Tressingham's wife?" he exclaimed.

"That's right. There's her card: The Honourable Mrs. Tressingham. She seemed quite keen about it, and she knows a lot about politics. We'd quite a long chat. Said she was sorry she hadn't the pleasure of knowing you, but she'd be delighted to come and work for you. And—I told her to come."

Ellington picked up the card to which the agent pointed. He was wondering why the Honourable Mrs. Tressingham wished to come and work for him. He had known her and her family by sight and by reputation all his life; this was the first time in his knowledge that she or her brother had ever taken any active interest in the affairs of Ashminster.

Previous to her marriage to Colonel Tressingham, a hard-bitten soldier, some fifteen years her senior, Hilda had only been known to the folk around Hartdale Park as a young lady who devoted her days to horses and dogs, and the simple delights to be got out of an impoverished estate. Since that marriage she had been a few years in India, where her husband, now retired from the army, still remained; and in connection with the management of some estate in which he was interested; since her return to England, Ellington had heard of her as a smart woman about town, moving in a set with which he had nothing to do. He knew that Lord Hartdale nominally belonged to his own party in politics, and occasionally presented himself to give a party vote in the House of Lords; but the family had never shown any concern in politics, and it puzzled him to think that Mrs. Tressingham should begin to do so at this particular juncture. And as he laid down her card he looked at Septimus Crasshaw with a whimsical enquiry.

"What does it mean?" he asked.

Crasshaw shrugged his shoulders.

"How do I know what a fine lady means?" he answered. "Wants a bit of excitement, a new sensation, I should think. I don't know, but I hear there are no children. I should say she's tired of rustivating at Hartdale. They say there's nobody there but his lordship and herself—never have any guests—nothing doing. I hear he's hard up, as usual—owes piles of money in this place anyhow. In fact, that made me a bit dubious, Mr. George."

"Doubtful? Why dubious?" asked Ellington.

"They're not too popular in Ashminster, you know," said Crasshaw. "At least, his lordship isn't. The tradesmen don't like him, because after getting pretty deep in their books he started ordering his things from town. All the same—"

He paused, and, biting the end of his pen, looked knowingly at the candidate.

"Well?" said Ellington. "All the same—what?"

"She's a very handsome woman, and a very fascinating woman, and she can talk sixteen to the dozen," continued Crasshaw. "And there's a certain class of voters that can be got round by a pretty woman with a smart tongue where nobody else can do it. She might be useful."

"Of course we'll use her," said Ellington. "We're not going to refuse help from anyone who offers it. We—"

Just then a youth opened the door of the agent's room and put his head inside.

"There's a lady to see you, Mr. Crasshaw," he said. "Mrs. Tressingham."

Crasshaw glanced at his principal, and catching a mere expression, turned to the youth.

"Show Mrs. Tressingham in at once," he said. He leaned across the side of his desk and slightly altered the position of an easy chair that stood by it. "Now you can talk to her yourself," he observed with a significant smile. "Or—listen to her."

George Ellington, a little shy, a little uncomfortable, remained standing on the hearthrug, his eyes fixed on the hearthrug, his eyes fixed on the hearthrug, his eyes fixed on the hearthrug.

He was expectant, in a queer, vague fashion, that this was an essentially new moment in his life—why, he could not possibly have explained to himself or anyone; all he knew was that the feeling was there. He fidgeted a little as he watched for the visitor's entrance.

Hilda Tressingham, gowned and hatted in a fashion with which Ashminster folk were not familiar, purposely looking her best, swept into the agent's room with a formal, brilliant smile, and waited for no formal introduction to the young politician. She had never spoken to George Ellington in her life, but she held out her hand to him as if they had been old friends, at the same time favoring Septimus Crasshaw with a familiar nod. The two men were immediately conscious of a taking and attractive personality; the shabby little room with its litter of papers, bills, addresses, and books became gradually transformed.

"How do you do, Mr. Ellington?" said Mrs. Tressingham, with a charming candour and frankness. "We can dispense with a formal in-

troductio, I'm sure. I'm so glad to hear of your—what shall we call it?—honors? And no doubt Mr. Crasshaw has told you that I want to help in your bye-election. You'll let me do what I can—won't you?"

(To Be Continued.)

troductio, I'm sure. I'm so glad to hear of your—what shall we call it?—honors? And no doubt Mr. Crasshaw has told you that I want to help in your bye-election. You'll let me do what I can—won't you?"

(To Be Continued.)

Empire Farm Plan

Immense Possibilities of the Scheme as Viewed in London

In connection with the plans of the Empire Resources Development Committee, which include a vast empire farm in Canada, the proceeds of the products of which would be used for paying off the empire's war debt, the committee in London has issued the following statement:

"The Empire Resources Development Committee—of which Sir Star Jameson is chairman, and Mr. H. Wilson Fox, the newly elected member for Tamworth, is the honorary secretary—desires it to be known that the estimates and figures recently given in connection with the proposal for an empire farm in Canada were thrown out merely as examples and are not in any way to be taken as the fixed policy of the committee."

"The suggestion of an Empire farm in Canada as a means of expeditiously reducing the debt created by the war emanated from Mr. Moreton Frewen as one among several possible modes of developing the resources of the empire under state auspices for state profit."

"Certain lands in the United States, it was pointed out, inferior in fertility to those in Western Canada, which had originally been purchased for a merely nominal sum, had advanced in price in many cases to 20 pounds an acre, and it was suggested that there might be lands in Canada which could be bought from the Dominion government for \$5 an acre, and which in 20 years' time, under suitable development, might realize 20 pounds an acre."

"The committee is well aware that this would of course depend upon the fertility of the soil, the proximity of railways, elevators, etc., and the climatic conditions of the territory purchased. One factor undoubtedly tending to raise the selling price to the high figure quoted is the certainty that the United States will in a few years become a large purchaser of Canadian cereals, while land-hunger will drive American settlers north over the international boundary in even larger numbers than it is getting today, and it would be wise to develop the territories where these settlers are likely to go."

"Furthermore, the European wheat lands have been greatly neglected during the war, and for some years to come will yield small crops. This also will tend to increase the value of agricultural lands overseas."

"The committee points out that 200,000,000 acres purchased from the Dominion government at \$5 per acre and sold again 20 years later after development at 20 pounds an acre, would redeem the whole of the national debt of 4,000,000,000 pounds sterling, and at the same time attract to Canada a great army of tax-payers who would be an enormous asset."

"But even supposing only 10 pounds or even 5 pounds per acre were obtained, the scheme still holds possibilities of a magnitude never equalled in the development of the empire; possibilities, moreover, which would simultaneously enhance the credit of the empire and the strength and the wealth of Canada."

Unhappy Ireland

Present Friction May Kill Irish Patriotism for the Empire

Surely, the Irish problem is capable of wise solution, but thus far neither Irish nor British statesmanship has been able to find it. And the scene in the house of commons on Wednesday when the Nationalists under the leadership of Mr. Redmond, left in a body as a protest against the refusal of the prime minister to adopt the alternative of coercion is a discouraging and menacing symptom. Friends of Ireland have cherished the hope that out of the chastening fires of the great war would come a better feeling, a greater unity of brotherhood, a softening of bitter antagonism. England is certainly now disposed to never before to do justice to the Irish, and if that disposition is now thwarted the fault plainly will be with the Irish themselves. Though Ulster is still obdurate, the remaining three-fourths of the island might well be patient and take what they can get, for it rests with the Home Rulers and the use which they shall be able to make of their opportunities to break down the prejudices of the minority and to demonstrate by the example of a freer, happier and more prosperous Ireland that the fears of Ulster are without foundation. The tragedy of the renewed friction lies in the possibility that it may kill Irish patriotism for the empire of which Ireland is an inseparable part, and fan the fires of internal rebellion, thus aiding a power which is as dangerous an enemy to the Irish as to the English—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

"Why did you give that awful looking tramp a dime?" "Oh, merely as a small contribution towards city improvement. He wanted it for carfare to the next town."

"Brains are a common commodity." "That so?" "Yes. What I'm always looking for is a man who knows how to use his brains."

Bagdad or Nothing

What Gen. Maude's Victory Means to German Plans

If the importance of a military position is determined by the view that the enemy attaches to it, then the capture of Bagdad is one of the greatest accomplishments of the war.

For this is what Paul Rohrbach, one of the best known protagonists of the Hamburg-to-Bagdad project, a man who has probably done more than any other to maintain German ambitions in the Near and Middle East at white heat said of it before the ancient city fell into General Maude's hands:

"What will happen should the British and Russians drive in a wedge between us and our plans in the Orient? The independence of Turkey would be gone, the countries between the Straits and the Gulf, between Port Said and Ararat would be partitioned among our enemies. What would happen to us should we never again be able to exercise influence there? It is clear that this would be the end of our Welt-politik. It would mean our withdrawal from the company of world-nations."

"The Bagdad line opens up for us the markets of hundreds of millions, it leads to the shores of the Indian and Pacific Oceans. They way there is ours in the future—through the Mediterranean, the Suez Canal and the Gulf of Aden; through the Danube basin, the Balkans, Asia Minor and Mesopotamia; through Armenia and Persia. The nation that is shut out from all this is shut out from the shining front chambers of the world's palace, and is forced to take up its abode in the chilly, sunless rooms behind."

Mrs. McDuffy—So ye referred to me in spakin' to Mrs. Cassidy as 'that owld, scholdin' catamaran, Mrs. Mac'?

Janitor—You're mistaken, ma'am. It was Mrs. McGilligan next door that I referred to.

Mrs. McDuffy—Don't ad lovin' to yure other insults. Ye well know that O'm the only owld, scholdin, catamaran in this block.

"Is Jobbins in the hospital?" "Not that I know of. Why do you think so?" "Smith was telling me the other day that he was out in his car and ran across Jobbins."

"Time is money," said the bore. "Yes," sighed the troubled man, "and I wish you'd go somewhere else to spend yours."

No Friend Remaining

The Central Empires have finally cut themselves off from the sympathy, if not from the official comity, of every civilized people under Heaven. Mankind averts its face from Germany and her wretched accomplices; and their groaning populations, sunk in such misery as no European community has known within living recollection, are now to feel that in all the world they have no friend remaining, no powerful peacemaker to whom they can appeal no quarter to which they can look for sympathy and help in the task of living down, when the conflict ends, the frightful record of their directors' policy and warfare.—London Daily Telegraph.

Point of View

Willis—Pleasure is all in the point of view.

Gillis—That's right. A man goes to a dance, leaves at twelve o'clock feeling fine and fresh, and calls it a good time; but a woman doesn't have a good time unless she stays until four o'clock, spends the last three hours in agony, and goes home feeling as if a steam-roller had run over her.—Life.

Our CATALOGUE NO. 62 T. of

Baseball, Tennis, Football, Golf and all Outdoor Summer Sports, mailed on request.

The Hingston Smith Arms Co., Ltd. Winnipeg

Canadian Fish For British Army

Canadian Trade Commissioner Foresees Great Demand After the War is Over

Mr. J. E. Ray, Canadian trade commissioner at Birmingham, in a report to the department of trade and commerce, states that as a result of the feeding of overseas soldiers with Canadian fish there is likely to be a big increase in the demand in Great Britain for Canadian fish.

He quotes the Financial News of London, as follows:





## THE GLEICHEN CALL

W. PARK EVANS, PROPRIETOR

Published Every Thursday in the Heart of a Wonderfully Rich Farming and Ranching District.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.50 Per Year. Foreign Countries \$2.00

Exchange Must be added to Cheques

THURSDAY, MAY 24, 1917

## UNION BANK OF CANADA

**Simplify your Collection Problems**  
by making full use of our efficient collection service.  
Over Three Hundred Branches throughout Canada enable us to reach your debtors promptly and our system brings quick returns. The cost of the service is very moderate.

CLUNY BRANCH, F. B. STEPHENS, Manager

## Now is the Time to PAINT

It does not pay to use poor materials or have a painting job done because of cheapness. The best is none too good.

See **W. C. REAZIN**

Paints, Oils and Varnishes  
Estimates Furnished

See my Imported  
Samples of Wall Paper  
before buying elsewhere

## CARLOAD OF YOUNG HORSES FOR SALE at Right Prices

This is an exceptionally fine bunch, but if you require something stronger see my **STEEL MULE**

**Roy M. Allen**

Phone 37  
For Steam Coal, Galt Coal  
Bankhead Hard Coal,  
and Briquettes.

Phone 37  
For White Rose Gasoline, Lubricating oils.  
We move anything with two ends  
**BROWN'S TRANSFER**

Pay up your subscription now

## The Municipal Hospital Act

How to Incorporate a Hospital District and Provide for the Operation of a Hospital

Under the Municipal Hospital Act passed at the recent Session of the Legislature, the Minister of Municipal Affairs is authorized to divide the province into Hospital Districts. He is also charged with the responsibility of supplying plans, specifications, estimates, advice on rights and management and such other assistance as he may be able to give. The bringing into existence of a hospital depends upon the initiative of the people. When only one municipality is concerned, all that is necessary to initiate action is a petition signed by twenty-five electors and agreed to by the municipal council. When more than one council is concerned the consent of the other council or councils is necessary, as well as the petition from the electors within the municipality. The preliminary step being done, the council shall appoint a hospital board. In the case of one municipality undertaking the work, the board shall consist of three members of the council. When there are two municipalities in the proposed district each council shall appoint three representatives, one being a member of the council and two electors, not councillors. When the appointments are made the names are sent to the Minister who names a convener and the place and date of meeting for organization. The board has power—

To appoint such officers as may be necessary and to fix the amount of remuneration;  
To determine the site and arrange for purchase of same;  
To arrange for the acquiring or erection of a suitable building;  
To make arrangements with any existing hospital, if preferred to consolidate the establishment and maintenance of a separate institution;  
To engage medical practitioners and nurses;  
To arrange for financing the hospital, the preparation of estimates, the municipality providing the money as for other municipal enterprises.

The levy for capital expenditure shall not be higher than two mills on the dollar.  
As soon as the plans are approved by the Minister of Municipal Affairs the council prepares a by-law for the submission to the electors, which must be voted on within three months.

For full information as to how to arrange for and conduct a municipal Hospital under this Act, apply to—

JOHN PERRIE,  
Deputy Minister of Municipal Affairs, Edmonton. 12

The amalgamated Presbyterian Church of Gleichen holds services as follows: Morning service 11:30, Sunday school every Sunday morning at 10. Mid-week Bible class at 8. You are cordially invited to each and all of these services. Hyman books provided. Minister, Rev. John White, R. A.

**T. H. Beach**  
Auctioneer  
Sales Conducted anywhere in the Province

For terms enquire at Gleichen Harness Store. Office phone's, residence phone P.O. Box 128  
GLEICHEN, ALTA.

## Notice Town of Gleichen By-Law No. 72

A By-Law of the Town of Gleichen to purchase and operate an electric light plant.

Whereas it is deemed expedient that the town of Gleichen should acquire and operate the electric light plant owned by F. C. Vigne in the aforesaid town and now offered by him to the town of Gleichen for \$4000.00 (Four thousand dollars).

And whereas a further sum of \$1000.00 will be required for re-construction purposes.

And whereas it is deemed expedient that the indebtedness thus created be spread over a period of 10 years and that debentures issued hereunder bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum.

Therefore, the Council of the Town of Gleichen does hereby enact that the sum of \$5000.00, no part of which shall be in arrears.

And whereas it is deemed expedient that this by-law take effect on the first day of June, A.D. 1917.

Therefore, the Council of the Town of Gleichen does hereby enact that the sum of \$5000.00 be used in the purchase of the electric light plant owned by F. C. Vigne and consisting of boiler, engine, two generators, belting, switches and instruments, pole line and wiring and all equipment necessary for the running of the plant in the maintenance of a running plant.

And whereas it is deemed expedient that the sum of \$1000.00 be used in the purchase of the electric light plant owned by F. C. Vigne and consisting of boiler, engine, two generators, belting, switches and instruments, pole line and wiring and all equipment necessary for the running of the plant in the maintenance of a running plant.

And whereas it is deemed expedient that the sum of \$1000.00 be used in the purchase of the electric light plant owned by F. C. Vigne and consisting of boiler, engine, two generators, belting, switches and instruments, pole line and wiring and all equipment necessary for the running of the plant in the maintenance of a running plant.

And whereas it is deemed expedient that the sum of \$1000.00 be used in the purchase of the electric light plant owned by F. C. Vigne and consisting of boiler, engine, two generators, belting, switches and instruments, pole line and wiring and all equipment necessary for the running of the plant in the maintenance of a running plant.

And whereas it is deemed expedient that the sum of \$1000.00 be used in the purchase of the electric light plant owned by F. C. Vigne and consisting of boiler, engine, two generators, belting, switches and instruments, pole line and wiring and all equipment necessary for the running of the plant in the maintenance of a running plant.

And whereas it is deemed expedient that the sum of \$1000.00 be used in the purchase of the electric light plant owned by F. C. Vigne and consisting of boiler, engine, two generators, belting, switches and instruments, pole line and wiring and all equipment necessary for the running of the plant in the maintenance of a running plant.

And whereas it is deemed expedient that the sum of \$1000.00 be used in the purchase of the electric light plant owned by F. C. Vigne and consisting of boiler, engine, two generators, belting, switches and instruments, pole line and wiring and all equipment necessary for the running of the plant in the maintenance of a running plant.

And whereas it is deemed expedient that the sum of \$1000.00 be used in the purchase of the electric light plant owned by F. C. Vigne and consisting of boiler, engine, two generators, belting, switches and instruments, pole line and wiring and all equipment necessary for the running of the plant in the maintenance of a running plant.

And whereas it is deemed expedient that the sum of \$1000.00 be used in the purchase of the electric light plant owned by F. C. Vigne and consisting of boiler, engine, two generators, belting, switches and instruments, pole line and wiring and all equipment necessary for the running of the plant in the maintenance of a running plant.

## BUY AN IRRIGATED FARM BECAUSE:

Irrigation makes the farmer independent of rainfall, and in sure good crops, not occasionally, but every year.  
Irrigation makes possible the successful culture of alfalfa, the king of fodders, which means good returns in dairying and mixed farming.  
Irrigation means intensive farming and close settlement with all the advantages of a densely populated agricultural community.  
Irrigation in the Canadian Pacific Railway Irrigation Block is no longer an experiment, the years that it has been tried having absolutely demonstrated its success wherever intelligently applied.

You can buy irrigated land from the Canadian Pacific Railway at prices up to \$50 per acre, with 30 years to pay and the privilege of a loan of \$2,000 for improvements (6% interest); no principle after first payment until end of fourth year, reduced interest if settlement conditions are complied with and no water rental for first year. Contract can be paid off before maturity if desired.

This is the most liberal offer of irrigated farm land on record. For full particulars apply to **ALLAN CAMERON, Gen. Supt. of Lands, Canadian Pacific Railway, Dept. of Natural Resources, 92B 1st St. E. CALGARY, ALBERTA**



## The 1917 Ford Touring Car \$495.00

If you plan for 1917 include an automobile for your home or for your business, the Ford Touring Car at \$495 is the best investment you can make. It gives you everything you can ask of a motor car in the way of service; it is yours for less than five hundred dollars and it excels but little from you for running expenses after you buy it.

By all means, see our models demonstrated and give us your order early—  
**W. R. MCKIE, Manager, GLEICHEN, ALTA.**

**Ford Motor Company**  
of Canada, Limited

## FARM



## LOANS

## Raw Land For Sale

(Alberta Farm Loans Act)  
LOANS to Farmers, Ranchers and Dairyman may be obtained for a period of 30 years on first Mortgage Security.  
Interest rates at actual cost

REPAYMENT may be made by equal annual installments of Principal and Interest.  
Full payment accepted at end of 5th year or at any time thereafter without notice or bonus.

For further information address:  
**W. V. NEWSON,**  
Deputy Provincial Treasurer, Edmonton.

"We own and offer for sale a fraction containing 102 acres of the N. E. 1/4 of Sec. 28, T. 23 R. 25 at \$17.00 per acre and the full S. E. 1/4 at \$27.25-28 at \$14.00 per acre. Part cash, balance at 6%. Write or call for full particulars.

Calgary Colonization Co. Ltd.,  
19 Royal Bank Chambers,  
Calgary, Alta.

For results advertise in the CALL.

**PAY When You Graduate**  
Garbutt Business College, Calgary



# PROCLAMATION

## The Electoral Division of Gleichen

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that in obedience to His Majesty's writ to us directed and bearing date the fourteenth day of May, A.D. 1917, I require the presence of the voters at the

**Town Hall, in the Town of Gleichen,**

in the Electoral Division of Gleichen, on the 1st day of May, 1917, from nine until Two o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of maintaining a person to represent the Electoral Division, and notice is further given that in case a poll is demanded and allowed in the manner by law prescribed such poll will be opened on the

**SEVENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1917,**  
from the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon until five o'clock in the afternoon, and in the case from eight o'clock in the forenoon until six o'clock in the afternoon, as follows:

**Freshfield, for Polling Division No. 1**  
Consisting of Townships 25 and 26, Range 29, west of the Fourth meridian. Poll at Mr. William's residence.

**Irricana, for Polling Division No. 2**  
Consisting of Township 27, Range 26, 28 and 47, west of the Fourth meridian. Poll at Red Cross Hall, Irricana.

**Kersey, for Polling Division No. 3**  
Consisting of Townships 28, Range 27, west of Fourth meridian. Poll at Mr. Howden's residence, Kersey.

**Beiseker, for Polling Division No. 4**  
Consisting of Townships 28, Range 25 and 26, west of the Fourth meridian. Poll at Red Cross Hall, Beiseker.

**Hinds, for Polling Division No. 5**  
Consisting of Townships 27 and 28, Range 23 and 24, west of Fourth meridian. Poll at Dan Leslie's residence, 12, 25, 24.

**Redlands, for Polling Division No. 6**  
Consisting of Townships 27 and 28, Range 22, and Sections 25 to 36 inclusive in Township 26, Range 22, west of Fourth meridian. Poll at Redland Hall, Redlands.

**Rockyford, for Polling Division No. 7**  
Consisting of Townships 28, Range 23 and Sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24, west of Fourth meridian. Poll at Rockyford Hall, Rockyford.

**Standard, for Polling Division No. 8**  
Consisting of Townships 24, 25, Range 22, and Sections 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24, west of Fourth meridian. Poll at Union's Hall, Standard.

**Tudor, for Polling Division No. 9**  
Consisting of Township 25, Range 23, west of Fourth meridian. Poll at Town Hall, Tudor.

**Nightingale, for Polling Division No. 10**  
Consisting of Townships 25 and 26, Range 25, and the most easterly tiers of Sections in Townships 25 and 26, Range 25, west of the Fourth meridian. Poll at Nightingale Hall, Nightingale.

**Ardene, for Polling Division No. 11**  
Consisting of the five most westerly tiers of Sections in Township 25 and 26, Range 25, and the two tiers of sections in Township 25 and 26, Range 26, west of the Fourth meridian. Poll at Service-Berry School.

**Kooma, for Polling Division No. 12**  
Consisting of Township 26, Range 27, and Township 26, Range 26, excepting the two most easterly rows of sections, west of the Fourth meridian. Poll at U. F. Hall, Kooma.

**Dalroy, for Polling Division No. 13**  
Consisting of Township 25, Range 27, and Township 25, Range 26, excepting the two most easterly rows of sections, and Sections 25 to 36 inclusive, in Township 24, Range 27, and Sections 30 and 31 in Township 24, Range 26, west of Fourth meridian. Poll at U. F. Hall, Dalroy.

**Hodgsons, for Polling Division No. 14**  
Consisting of Township 24, Range 28, west of Fourth meridian. Poll at Mr. Hodgson's house.

**Langdon, for Polling Division No. 15**  
Consisting of Township 23, Range 27, and Sections 25 to 24 inclusive in Township 24, Range 27, and Sections 7, 18 and 19 in Township 24, Range 26, and Sections 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

**Cheadle, for Polling Division No. 16**  
Consisting of Township 24, Range 26, excepting sections 19, 20 and 31, west of Fourth meridian. Poll at Ladies Club Hall, Cheadle.

**Strathmore, for Polling Division No. 17**  
Consisting of North half of Township 23, Range 25, and Township 24, in Ranges 24 and 25, west of Fourth meridian. Poll at Fire Hall, Strathmore.

**Shepard, for Polling Division No. 18**  
Consisting of Township 23, Range 25, and that portion of Township 22, Range 29, north and east of Bow River, and that portion of Township 22, Range 28, lying north of Bow River, excepting the East Township 21, and Sections 24 and 25, Township 21, Range 28, lying north of Bow River, west of the Fourth meridian. Poll at Mr. Mooney's house, Shepard.

**Dalmead, for Polling Division No. 19**  
Consisting of Township 22, Range 27, and the east row of Sections in Township 22, Range 28, and the two westerly rows of sections in Township 22, Range 26, and that portion of Township 21, Range 27, lying north of Bow River, and that portion of the two westerly rows of sections of Township 21, Range 26, lying north of Bow River, and that portion of Sections 25 and 26, Township 21, Range 27, lying north of Bow River, west of Fourth meridian. Poll at Public Hall, Dalmead.

**Carlsland, for Polling Division No. 20**  
Consisting of that portion of Township 22, Range 28, excepting Sections 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33 and 34, lying north of Bow River, and Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, in Township 22, Range 27, and that portion of Township 21, Range 25, North of Bow River, and the four easterly tiers of sections in Township 21, Range 26, lying north of Bow River, west of the Fourth meridian. Poll at Mike Brown's Cafe, Carlsland.

**Moorhouse, for Polling Division No. 21**  
Consisting of Sections 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949







👉 When YOU Cast A VOTE For 👈

# HON. C. R. MITCHELL

YOU VOTE FOR YOUR OWN INTERESTS

## Reasons:--

Note the Legislation Mr. Mitchell and his Liberal Colleagues Enacted in Interests of the FARMER and GENERAL PUBLIC:

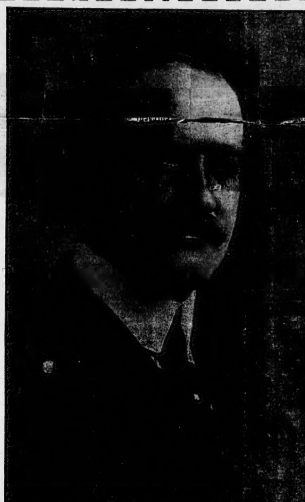
The Stallion Enrolment Act

The Municipal Hospitals Act

The Alberta Farm Loan Act

The Livestock Encouragement Act

The Alberta Co-Operative Credit Act



The Dower Act

The Seed Grain Act

The Municipal Act

The Hail Insurance Act

The Woman's Franchise Act

The Married Woman's Relief Act

This Legislation assures a return of the Liberals as the governing Executive Body of the Province and in returning Mr. Mitchell you have Direct Representation in the Government.

Bow Valley under Conservative Representation had practically nothing in the way of Public Work Development. Under Mr. Mitchell's Representation Development work has been extensive as every fair-minded elector knows. Mr. Mitchell has proven his worth as one of the most able representatives. Let us endorse this confidence we have in him on the 7th of June.

JUNE 7th

VOTE FOR MITCHELL

JUNE 7th

## THE PEOPLE'S LEGISLATOR